## SSC Tax. Assistant Examination 2007 solved Question Paper General Awareness

- 1. What is the International Date Line?
- (a) It is the equator
- (b) It is the 00 longitude
- (c) It is the 900 east longitude
- (d) It is the 1800 longitude
- 2. The oldest type of energy known to man is
- (a) wind power
- (b) solar power
- (c) tidal power
- (d) geothermal energy
- 3. Rusting of iron takes place due to
- (a) oxidation
- (b) carbonation
- (c) exidiation
- (d) corrosion
- 4. The river also known as Tsangpo in Tibet is
- (a) Ganga
- (b) Brahmaputra
- (c) Indus
- (d) Teesta
- 5. The largest ocean is
- (a) Atlantic Ocean
- (b) Indian Ocean
- (c) Arctic Ocean
- (d) Pacific Ocean
- 6. Energy that is produced commercially from coal is called
- (a) Light energy
- (b) Kinetic energy
- (c) Thermal energy
- (d) Potential energy
- 7. Jhum cultivation is a method of cultivation which used to be practiced in
- (a) Himachal Pradesh
- (b) Central Highland

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com(c) Coastal Tamil Nadu

- (d) Nagaland
- 8. Earthquake is caused by
- (a) disturbance of earth surface
- (b) adjustment of layers of earth's crust
- (c) breakage of rock system
- (d) upliftment of rocks
- 9. We always see the same face of the moon, because
- (a) it is smaller than the earth
- (b) it revolves on its axis in a direction opposite to that of the earth



- (c) it takes equal time for revolution around the earth and rotation on its own axis
- (d) it rotates at the same speed as the earth around the sun
- 10. The largest producer of gold in the world is
- (a) Australia
- (b) Canada
- (c) Russia
- (d) South Africa
- 11. The busiest and the most important sea route of the world is
- (a) North Pacific Sea Route
- (b) North Atlantic Sea Route
- (c) South Atlantic Sea Route
- (d) Indian Ocean Route
- 12. In terms of area, India is the largest country of the world.
- (a) Second
- (b) Fourth
- (c) Sixth
- (d) Seventh
- 13. The word 'Veda' means
- (a) knowledge (b) wisdom
- (c) skill
- (d) power
- 14. Ain-i-Akbari was written by
- (a) Firishta
- (b) Ibn Batuta
- (c) Abul Fazl
- (d) Birbal
- 15. The medieval city of Vijayanagar is not known as
- (a) Chandragiri
- (b) Halebidu
- (c) Hampi
- (d) Kondavidu
- 16. Which one of the following Mughal buildings is said to possess the unique feature of

being exactly equal in length and breadth?

- (a) Agra Fort
- (b) Red Fort
- (c) Taj Mahal

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com(d) Buland Darwaza

- 17. With the fall of which among the following, the French Revolution began?
- (a) Bastille
- (b) Communes
- (c) Jacobin Club
- (d) Pillnitz
- 18. The founder of the 'Brahmo Samah' was
- (a) Swami Dayananda Sarawati
- (b) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar



- (c) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- (d) Swami Vivekananda
- 19. The correct chronological order in which the British established their trading centre in

the places mentioned below is

- (a) Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Surat
- (b) Bombay, Madras, Surat, Calcutta
- (c) Surat, Madras, Bombay, Calcutta
- (d) Surat, Madras, Calcutta, Bombay
- 20. The Revolt of 1857 was started by
- (a) the Sepoys
- (b) the Zamindars
- (c) the Peasants
- (d) the Plantation Workers
- 21. After leaving the congress, Subhash Chandra Bose formed, in 1939, his own party,

named

- (a) Socialist Block
- (b) Revolutionary Socialist Block
- (c) Forward Block
- (d) Socialist-Congress Block
- 22. Bal Gangadhar Tilak was given the epithet of Lokmanya during
- (a) his imprisonment in 1908
- (b) Home Rule Movement
- (c) Revolutionary Movement
- (d) Swadeshi Movement



23. 'Do or Die' (Karenge ya Marenge) – Gandhiji gave this Mantra to the nation on the

eve of which mass movement?

- (a) Rowlatt Satyagraha
- (b) Salt Satyagraha
- (c) Quit India Movement
- (d) Non-Cooperation Movement
- 24. Who among the following was the President of the Constituent Assembly of India?
- (a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (c) M A Jinah
- (d) Lal Bahadur Shastri
- 25. 'Directive Principle" in our Constitution are
- (a) enforceable in the courts of law

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com(b) guasi-enforceable

- (c) partly non-enforceable
- (d) non-enforceable in the courts of law
- 26. CTBT denotes
- (a) arms control measure

- (b) drugs control measure
- (c) financial control measure
- (d) trade control and regulation
- 27. Name the State carved out of Madhya Pradesh after the Parliament passed the

legislation in the year 2000

- (a) Vanachal
- (b) Chhattisgarh
- (c) Vidarbha
- (d) Uttaranchal
- 28. Dialectial Materialism is associated with the theory of
- (a) Fabianism
- (b) Communism
- (c) Liberalism
- (d) Individualism
- 29. A motion moved by a member in a legislature when it is desired to have a discussion

on a matter of urgent public importance is called

- (a) Adjournment motion
- (b) No-confidence motion
- (c) Cut motion
- (d) None of the above
- 30. Which of the following was established by B R Ambedkar?
- (a) Swaraj Party
- (b) Samai Samata Party
- (c) Bahujan Samaj Party
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- (d) The Independent Labour Party
- 31. No Government Expenditure can be incurred in India except with the sanction of
- (a) the Parliament
- (b) the Prime Minister
- (c) the President
- (d) the Supreme Court
- 32. Which one country is not a permanent member of the Security Council of the United

Nations?

- (a) France (b) Germany
- (c) Russia
- (d) USA
- 33. When does Lok Sabha or a Vidhan Sabha election candidate forfeit his security

deposit?

- (a) When he fails to win the election
- (b) When he fails to secure even 1/4 of total votes polled
- (c) When he fails to secure even 1/5 of total votes polled
- (d) When he fails to secure even 1/6 of total votes polled

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com34. The term of office of the members of the UPSC is

- (a) 3 years, or till they attain 58 years of age
- (b) 5 years, or till they attain 60 years of age
- (c) 6 years, or till they attain 65 years of age
- (d) 6 years
- 35. Who was in favour of a partyless democracy?
- (a) Jai Prakash Narain
- (b) Bhupendra Nath Dutta
- (c) M N Roy
- (d) Jawaharlal Nehru
- 36. The majority of the provisions of the Indian Constitution can be amended
- (a) by the State Legislatures acting together
- (b) by the Parliament alone
- (c) with the major approval of the Parliament and State Legislatures
- (d) only on ratification by half of the States
- 37. Economics of Scales means reduction in
- (a) unit cost of production
- (b) unit cost of distribution
- (c) total cost of production
- (d) total cost of distribution
- 38. RBI does not transact the business of which State Government?
- (a) Nagaland (b) Jammu & Kashmir (c) Punjab (d) Assam
- 39. The famous book The General Theory of Employment, Interest and Money is written

by

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- (a) J B Say
- (b) J M Keynes
- (c) Amartya Sen
- (d) Carincross
- 40. The definition of 'small-scale industry' in India is based on
- (a) sales by the unit (b) investment in machines and equipments
- (c) market coverage (d) export capacity
- 41. When the total product rises at an increasing rate, the
- (a) marginal product is zero
- (b) marginal product is rising
- (c) marginal product is falling
- (d) marginal product remains constant
- 42. Water pipes in hilly areas often burst on a cold frosty night, because
- (a) the material of which pipes are made contracts due to cold and so breaks
- (b) water in the pipes freezes and on freezing water expands, so pipes
- (c) burst makes the pipes rusty, so they break
- (d) none of the above
- 43. With which form of economy is the term 'Laissez-faire' associated?
- (a) Capitalist economy
- (b) Socialist economy

- (c) Mixed economy
- (d) Command economy

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com44. In the budget figures of the Government of India, interest payments, subsidies,

pensions, social services and the like are parts of the

- (a) Plan Expenditure (b) State Government Expenditure
- (c) Public Debt in the form of Capital Expenditure
- (d) Non-plan Expenditure
- 45. 'Green Accounting' means measuring the National Income of the country taking into

account estimation of

- (a) the total forest area of the country
- (b) the destruction of forest cover of the country
- (c) pollution and environmental damage
- (d) area of reclaimed fallow land
- 46. The supply of agricultural products is generally
- (a) elastic
- (b) inelastic
- (c) perfectly elastic
- (d) perfectly inelastic
- 47. Which of the following taxes is not collected by the Central Government?
- (a) Income tax
- (b) Customs duty
- (c) Professional tax
- (d) Excise duty
- 48. The latest addition to the list of UNESCO's world heritage sites in India is

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- (a) Qutub Minar
- (b) Humayun's Tomb
- (c) Khajuraho Temple
- (d) Red Fort
- 49. The countries separated by the Mac-Mahon Line are
- (a) Afghanistan and Pakistan
- (b) Bangladesh and India
- (c) China and India
- (d) Pakistan and India
- 50. The permission given to a bank customer to draw cheques in excess of his current

account balance is called

- (a) a personal loan
- (b) an ordinary loan
- (c) discounting a bill of exchange
- (d) an overdraft
- 51. A proclamation of emergency, under Article 352, on account of war or aggression

requires approval of the Parliament within

(a) one month

- (b) two months
- (c) four months
- (d) six months
- 52. The first Defence Minister of India was
- (a) K M Cariappa (b) Gopalaswami Aiyangar
- (c) Baldev Singh (d) Sardar Patel

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com53. Provincial Autonomy was introduced in India by the

- (a) Indian Councils Act, 1909
- (b) Government of India Act, 1919
- (c) Government of India Act, 1935
- (d) Indian Independence Act, 1947
- 54. Which one country is still governed by a monarch?
- (a) Afghanistan
- (b) Iran
- (c) Iraq
- (d) Saudi Arabia
- 55. Article 370 of the Indian Constitution upholds
- (a) land reforms legislation in India
- (b) diplomatic privileges and immunities
- (c) special status of Jammu and Kashmir State
- (d) duties and rights of Lokpal
- 56. Who amongst the following is the author of the classic book Life Divine?
- (a) Ravi Shankar
- (b) Swami Vivekananda
- (c) Radha Krishnan
- (d) Aurobindo Ghosh
- 57. The first woman to become a Chief Minister of any State in India was
- (a) Nandini Satpathy
- (b) Dr. J. Javalalitha
- (c) Sucheta Kripalani
- (d) Mayawati
- 58. A parachute descends slowly whereas a stone dropped from the same height falls

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rapidly, because

- (a) stone is heavier then parachute
- (b) special mechanisms are present in parachute
- (c) a parachute has a larger surface area and air resistance is more
- (d) None of these
- 59. Jaduguda is associated with the mining of
- (a) iron
- (b) mica
- (c) uranium
- (d) copper
- 60. Salim Ali was an eminent
- (a) Urdu poet

- (b) Ornithologist
- (c) Ghazal singer
- (d) None of the above
- 61. 'Survey of India' is under the Ministry of
- (a) Defence
- (b) Environment and Forests
- (c) Home Affairs (
- (d) Science and Technology

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com62. Name the President of India who was elected unopposed

- (a) Dr. Shankar Dayal Sharma
- (b) Dr. Neelam Sanjiva Reddy
- (c) Dr. Fakhruddina Ali Ahmed
- (d) Dr. Zakir Husain
- 63. The authority which is not established by the constitutional provisions is
- (a) Finance Commission
- (b) Planning Commission
- (c) UPSC
- (d) Election Commission
- 64. Which of the following organizations is the oldest?
- (a) IMF
- (b) WHO
- (c) ILO
- (d) FAO
- 65. The Department of Space proposed setting up of Indian Institute of Space Technology

on the line of the seven IITs. It will have its independent campus at

- (a) Chennai
- (b) Thumba
- (c) Thiruvananthapuram
- (d) Sriharikota
- 66. Which metal was first used by the Vedic people?
- (a) Silver
- (b) Gold
- (c) Iron
- (d) Copper
- 67. Ryder Cup is related with which sports?
- (a) Football
- (b) Golf
- (c) Badminton
- (d) Cricket
- 68. In our Constitution, Economic Planning is included in
- (a) Union list
- (b) State list
- (c) Concurrent list
- (d) Not any specified list

- 69. 'NABARD' is associated with the dev elopment of
- (a) agricultural sector and rural area (b) heavy industries
- (c) banking sector
- (d) real estates
- 70. World No. 2 Rafael Nadal won the French Open, 2007 defeating
- (a) Stegan Edberg
- (b) Andy Roddick
- (c) Roger Federer
- (d) Fred Alexander

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com71. Which one of the following is not a plantation crop?

- (a) Tea
- (b) Coffee
- (c) Rubber
- (d) Sugarcane
- 72. Imputed gross rent of owner-occupied buildings is a part of
- (a) capital formation
- (b) final consumption
- (c) intermediate consumption
- (d) consumer durable
- 73. How many strings are there on a Sarod?
- (a) 7
- (b) 19
- (c) 5
- (d) 4



- 74. Which one of the following is the tallest bird?
- (a) Peacock
- (b) Penguin
- (c) Ostrich
- (d) Emu
- 75. Which one of the following animals is called farmer's friend?
- (a) Ant
- (b) Earthworm
- (c) Bee
- (d) Butterfly
- 76. The largest planet in our solar system is
- (a) Mars
- (b) Jupiter
- (c) Saturn
- (d) Butterfly
- 77. The term 'gene' was coined by
- (a) T.H.Morgan
- (b) W.L.Johanssen
- (c) G.Mendel
- (d) De Vries

- 78. Which of the following creatures has maximum number of ribs?
- (a) Crocodile
- (b) Snake
- (c) Ray fish
- (d) Flying mammal
- 79. Which one of the following is most important for the growth of children up to the age
- of 14?
- (a) Protein
- (b) Vitamin
- (c) Fat
- (d) Milk

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com80. Study of newly born up to the age of 3 months is called

- (a) Chorology
- (b) Conchology
- (c) Nematology
- (d) Neonatology
- 81. Which one of the following does not secrete any digestive enzyme?
- (a) Liver
- (b) Salivery gland
- (c) Glands of small intestine
- (d) Pancreas
- 82. In a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi's philosophy of brotherhood and peace, the UN

General Assembly declared his birth anniversary, October 2, as the

- (a) International Day of Non-Violence
- (b) International Day of Co-operation
- (c) International Day of Peace and Co-operation
- (d) International Day of Prace and Non-Violence
- 83. Which one of the following is related to Silviculture?
- (a) Culture of Hilsa
- (b) Culture of silver carp
- (c) Culture of oil-producing plants
- (d) Forests crops
- 84. The term 'GM food' refers to the food
- (a) that grows under genetic measures
- (b) that is genetically modified
- (c) that grows under geographical modification
- (d) with greater glucose metabolism capacity
- 85. The only age of India found in hill forests of Assam and Nagaland is
- (a) Orangutan
- (b) Gibbon
- (c) Chimpanzee
- (d) Gorilla
- 86. Free Trade refers to

- (a) free movement of goods from one country to another
- (b) movement of goods free of cost
- (c) unrestricted exchange of goods and service
- (d) trade free of duty
- 87. Which gas is used as fire extinguisher?
- (a) Carbon dioxide
- (b) Carbon monoxide
- (c) Carbon suboixde
- (d) Sulphur dioxide
- 88. Which one of the following is extensively used for sterilizing water?
- (a) Bleaching powder
- (b) Alum
- (c) Borax powder
- (d) Soda powder

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com89. Which mixture of gases is mainly stored as a liquid under pressure in LPG cylinder?

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- (a) Methane and Ethane
- (b) Ethane and Hexane
- (c) Propane and Butane
- (d) Hexane and Octane
- 90. The energy stored in a watch spring is
- (a) kinetic energy
- (b) potential energy
- (c) heat energy
- (d) chemical energy
- 91. Which one of the following acids is used in battery?
- (a) Hydrochloric acid
- (b) Hydrofluoric acid
- (c) Sulphuric acid
- (d) Sulphurous acid
- 92. The sensation of weightlessness in a spacecraft in an orbit is due to the
- (a) absence of gravity outside
- (b) acceleration in the orbit which is equal to the acceleration due to gravity outside
- (c) presence of gravity outside but not inside the spacecraft
- (d) fact that spacecraft in the orbit has no energy
- 93. The major constituent of air is
- (a) nitrogen
- (b) carbon dioxide
- (c) oxygen
- (d) hydrogen
- 94. Which of the following organisms is most likely to produce greenhouse gases such as

nitrous oxide and methane?

- (a) Fungi
- (b) Earthworm

- (c) Bacteria
- (d) Green plants
- 95. Where is the largest reflecting telescope of Asia?
- (a) Kodaikanal
- (b) Ooty
- (c) Kavalur
- (d) Naintal
- 96. 'Therm' is the unit of
- (a) power
- (b) heat
- (c) light
- (d) distance
- 97. Cream gets separated out of milk when it is churned. This is due to
- (a) gravitational force
- (b) centripetal force
- (c) centrifugal force
- (d) frictional force

www.estudentzone.com www.estudentzone.com98. Newton's 1st law of motion gives the concept of

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- (a) energy
- (b) work
- (c) momentum
- (d) inertia
- 99. The process by which sun's rays reach the earth is
- (a) radiation
- (b) conduction
- (c) convection
- (d) diffusion
- 100. A pond of water appears less deep due to
- (a) reflection
- (b) diffraction
- (c) refraction
- (d) polarisation

## ANSWER KEYS

- 1. (d) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (d) 6. (c) 7. (d) 8. (a) 9. (c)
- 10. (d) 11. (b) 12. (d) 13. (a) 14. (c) 15. (c) 16. (c) 17. (a) 18. (c)
- 19. (d) 20. (a) 21. (c) 22. (b) 23. (c) 24. (a) 25. (d) 26. (a) 27. (b)
- 28. (b) 29. (a) 30. (d) 31. (a) 32. (b) 33. (d) 34. (c) 35. (a) 36. (d)
- 37. (a) 38. (b) 39. (b) 40. (b) 41. (b) 42. (b) 43. (a) 44. (d) 45. (c)
- 46. (b) 47. (c) 48. (d) 49. (c) 50. (d) 51. (a) 52. (c) 53. (c) 54. (d)
- 55. (c) 56. (d) 57. (c) 58. (c) 59. (c) 60. (b) 61. (d) 62. (b) 63. (b) 64. (c) 65. (c) 66. (c) 67. (b) 68. (c) 69. (a) 70. (c) 71. (d) 72. (b)
- 73. (b) 74. (c) 75. (b) 76. (b) 77. (b) 78. (b) 79. (a) 80. (d) 81. (a)
- 82. (a) 83. (d) 84. (b) 85. (b) 86. (c) 87. (a) 88. (a) 89. (c) 90. (b)
- 91. (c) 92. (b) 93. (a) 94. (c) 95. (c) 96. (b) 97. (b) 98. (d) 99. (a)

100. (c)

